



From measurement to improvement – Fifteen years of the Performance Assessment System Program in India

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Global South Academic Conclave 2025 - WASH and Climate

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PAS was born out of a need for usable information and accountability in urban WASH

In 2005-2009 Major urban projects in India with substantial investments for infrastructure creation...

Tranurm

Data available with cities... but paper based disaggregated, nondigital, and not reported





You cannot improve what you cannot measure!



...but little was known

access and quality

about impact on service

Our research through the Gates Foundation's first WASH grant in India aimed to measure and transform urban water and sanitation services

PAS approach – moving to a virtuous cycle

PAS intended to bring about a change in "laying pipes" to "improving services" Measure and monitor performance to reward and learn from success and demonstrate results



PAS Indicators - Aligned with national SLB initiative

τοται	WATER SUPPLY	WASTEWATER	SOLID WASTE	EQUITY	STORM WATER
TOTAL	9	9 + 6	8	4	2
32	SLB Indicators	SLB Indicators +	SLB Indicators	Key Indicators	SLB Indicators
Key Indicators			10	4 5	
100	35	32	12	15	
Drill down	Drill down	Drill down Indicators	Drill down	Drill down	
Indicators	muicators		mulcators	mulcators	



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Aligned with national SLB initiative



Framework suited to local context

Added lens of equity, slums and on-site sanitation









PAS framework – key themes, indicators and data points for WASH



Financial incentives for sustaining PAS Institutionalized through intergovernmental fund transfers



NOTIFICATION Urban Development and Urban Housing Department Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar, Dated the 04th May,2023

No. KV 88 of 2023 UDUHD/MIM/e-file/18/2022/4849/M Section; The Fifteenth Finance Commission has recommended that the Urban Local Bodies should put in place a system of benchmarking for basic services like water supply, sewerage, solid waste management and storm water drainage. To fulfil the condition of Fifteenth Finance Commission, it is necessary for Urban Local Bodies to notify every year the targets with respect to the above services to be achieved by the end of next fiscal year.

The Service Level Benchmarking with respect to the basic services like water supply, sewerage, solid waste management and storm water drainage of Urban Local Bodies for the year 2022-23 are shown in the Annexure appended with this notification.

By order and in the name of Governor of Guiarat.

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(Manish C. Shah) Deputy Secretary Urban Development and Urban Housing Department

- · The Principal Secretary to H.E. the Governor, Raj Bhavan, Gandhinagar · The Additional Chief Secretary to the Hon'ble C.M., Office of the Hon'ble
- C.M., Swarnim Sankul-1, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar. · The PPS to the Principal Secretary, Urban Development and Urban Housing
- Department, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar The PPS to the Secretary (Housing), Urban Development and Urban Housing
- Department, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar · The Commissioner of Municipalities Administration, Gujarat State,
- Gandhinagar with a request to circulate this notification to Chief Officers of All Municipalities
- The Additional Chief Executive Officer, Gujarat Urban Development Mission, Gandhinagar

- The 13th, 14th and 15th Finance Commission • endorsed operationalizing of SLB Process. It introduced a performance-based grant
- State Government must notify or cause all ULBs to • notify by the end of a fiscal year the service standards and targets
- A notification must be published in the state gazette • to ensure compliance

Government ownership and commitment for PAS



PAS aligned to national service level benchmark initiative

National technical partner for capacity building



MoUs with states governments for support in assembling and publishing their data in Gazette

13 th FC:	14th FC:	15th FC:
~10 Billion USD	~10.5 Billion USD	~14 billion USD
35% performance grant	20% performance grant	performance linked grants



Achieving scale in India - Since 2009, sustained and growing



2009 – 4	14 cities
67 M population	Development of PAS-SLB module for the usage in Gujarat and Maharashtra state
2014 – 4	69 cities
79 M population	Ministry of Urban Developmen GOI endorses PAS online tools Replication in Chhatisgarh
2016 – 9	004 cities
111 M population	Replication of PAS online tool in Telangana, Jharkhand and Assam
2020 – 8	371 cities
117 M population	Replication of PAS online tool in 100 SMART cities
2022 – 8	804 cities
115 M population	Linked with City Finance Portal of Government of India
2025 – 8	09* cities
116 M population	*Replication of PAS online tool in Sikkim is in progress

Journey from paper-based system to digital **Enabled through a digital platform**



Training and building capacity of stakeholders









PAS Insights

Tools, training modules, resource materials,

Action Research Projects

Scaling lessons from city to state, national global level ...

15,000+

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City officials trained for using SLB-PAS online module over 15 years



2,500+

City officials, sector professionals and students trained on use of tools

- Target Setting model, Tariff Setting model
- ✓ SaniPlan –Improvement Planning
- ✓ IFSM Toolkit , PSP toolkit
- ✓ ODF City Model

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- ✓ SaniTab, SaniTrack, SaniChatBot
- ✓ Urban Water Security Toolkit

3,500+

Local government officials, parastatals, ATIs, academics, elected representatives and other sector professionals trained on thematic areas

- ✓ Municipal water management, 24X7, NRW
- Drinking water security, Rain water harvesting and Groundwater management
- City Sanitation, FSSM and private Sector Participation, CWIS
- Innovative finance for urban services
- ✓ Equitable services in slums
- Information System improvement Planning
- ✓ Energy Transition and Climate change

2,500+

City officials trained under Swachh Bharat Mission, AMRUT, SMART cities and SBM-NULM convergence

1,700+

City officials trained as Swachhta Knowledge Partner in Gujarat

650+ Capacity building of Sanitation Workers

- Sanitation Workers
- 500+ Professionals trained form other countries



Gradual but consistent strengthening of data quality

The performance measurement is only as reliable for meaningful management decisions as the systems that generate the data to compute the performance.

Reliability A: Data records are updated regularly based on best available procedure

Reliability B: Data records maintained as appropriate with at least periodic updating

Reliability C: Data is extrapolated from a limited sample

Reliability D: Data is estimated without measurement or documented evidence

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Standardised reliability assessment for key performance indicators in online **SLB-PAS** module

> Over the past decade reliability of data is seen to be increasing

Develop methods and tools to improve reliability of key performance indicators

Support to selected cities for preparation of information system improvement plans and in e-governance

Enabling upload of documents supporting validity of data filled on portal



Gujarat (2010) Gujarat (2022)



Various dashboards



Option to view year wise information

Home Performance Asse	ssment Perf	ormance Improve	ement Resources	About Us	
ramework Toolkit	State Profile	Know Your C	ity Interactive Das	hboards	
verview City Profile Com					
					Sea
Background o	f Ahmed	abad			
CENERAL INFO					Select State
GENERAL INTO	MATION				Select State
Class	Corporation	No of clum co	Hamante	1 012	Gujarat
District	Abmedabad	Slum populatio	in the ments	1,013	
Area (sa km)	466.2	Slum househol	ds	317,235	Select City
Total city population	5,160,485	Total annual c	ity capital receipts	15,395,096,000	Abmodahad
Total households	1.117.421	Total annual c	ity capital expenditure	12,474,746,000	Anmedabad
Density (persons per sg.km.)	11.069.3	Total annual c	ty revenue receipts	17,539,874,000	Select Financial
Total municipal staff	22,365	Total annual c	ity revenue expenditure	9,645,879,000	Year
					FY 2008-2009
WATER SUPPLY					
Total water produced (MLD)		925.4	Supply Da	VS	
			Supply Du	,,,	Submit
	Ground Water(PILD)	107.4	30		
	Surface water(MLD)	818.0			
Average daily volume treater	d (MLD)	717.9			
		72715	20		Overview Report
Installed storage capacity (M	LD)	777.9			
Total water connections (Nos	.)	739,339			
Water connections in slums (Nor)	175 494	10		Overview ULB Report
water connections in stums (103.1	173,404			

Overview of the city provides general information across all the sectors

 Home
 Performance Assessment
 Performance Improvement
 Resources
 About Us

 Framework
 Toolkit
 State Profile
 Know Your City
 Interactive Dashboards

 Overview
 City Profile
 Compare Your City
 Interactive Dashboards
 Interactive Dashboards

Ahmedabad: Compare your city



Compare Your City helps each city compare itself with another city based on its respective class or

state

Quality of water (%)



Interactive dashboards



Water supply schematic diagram

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Interactive dashboards: State

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Interactive dashboards: City

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PAS@15 - From no data on services to "seeing" the improvement

SBM and improvement in coverage of individual household toilets



AMRUT and impact of "Har Ghar Jal" on coverage of water supply



Impact of Sardar Sarovar Dam and Narmada network on water supply quantity in Gujarat cities (litres per capita per day)



Impact of AMRUT and SBM on treatment infrastructure - MLD wastewater treated at secondary STP in Gujarat and Maharashtra

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SBM and AMRUT – Impact of "Garbage Free Cities" on solid waste collection and



The next targets for India?

Further focus needed on Data Systems Strengthening and Service Efficiency

- Water metering still at 3%
- Non-Revenue water still "guesstimated" in the range of 30-40%
- Sewerage connections (although improved at 54%) need to catch up to water supply!

Data from PAS states Gujarat, Maharashtra, Chhattisgarh and Jharkhand between 2009 – 2023 Number of cities - 414 (2009) to 802 (2023) | Population coverage - 67.0 million (2009) to 115.8 million (2023)

SAN Benchmarks: State and City Dashboards

SanBenchmarks

An analysis of available information suggests that only a few cities in India have sewerage networks. On the other hand, many cities depend fully on onsite sanitation systems. In most cities with sewer network, the coverage is partial for the network and connections.

Despite this wide prevalence of onsite sanitation systems, the SLB indicators of the Government of India focus only on conventional underground sewerage systems.

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A new set of indicators have been developed to reflect the prevailing situation in urban India, where both sewerage and onsite sanitation systems are prevalent. The basic premise is also that a wellmanaged onsite sanitation system can also result in a fully sanitized city as per the NUSP.

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Coverage of adequate sanitation system

HHs connected to sewer network

Percentage of households with

a) Interactive dashboard page of PAS website <u>https://pas.org.in/web/ceptpas/interactivedashboards</u>
 Select the second last dashboard on this page "Sanitation assessment through SanBenchmarks (2017)"
 b) Direct link to Dashboard on Tableau public

SanBenchmarks Profile for Pachgani (Class C)

and

https://public.tableau.com/profile/pas.india#!/vizhome/SanBenchmarksv2/CompareStates

Monitoring SDGs at local level

- Estimation of SDGs at local level is necessary to analyzed the existing gaps and accordingly identify the improvement actions at city and state level to achieve the targets.
- Based on the PAS database, methodology of estimation of safely managed sanitation using PAS data has been prepared.
- Safely managed sanitation of 700+ cities of Maharashtra, Gujarat and Chhattisgarh states has been estimated.
- Interactive dashboard shows results at state, class and city level. It enables comparison between cities, improvements over time and suggest actions at city level to achieve 100% safely managed sanitation services.

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System integration - Water and Sanitation Data System Analysis across the service chain

Water supply service chain



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Use and recognition from a range of stakeholders



Government agencies

National, state and local governments have used PAS for various policy interventions and improvement actions

Gujarat: Guidelines for ODF; Assess impact of capital investment on service level improvement in sewerage system; State of environment report, 2012.

Maharashtra: State level strategy for making cities ODF; Septage management guidelines; Policy guidelines SWM.

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Chhattisgarh: Impact assessment of SWM. Prepared investment plan for water

City Level: To prepare service level improvement plans in more than 30 ULBs



Regulators To assess regulatory compliance

CAG -Performance audit of delivery of three basic civic services for selected ULBs in Gujarat and Maharashtra.



Researchers Data used by academicians and students

Many academicians and students of planning or technology colleges have used this information for research purpose





Use and applications of the data on the PAS Platform

Accessing intergovernmental grants

PAS data for publishing in Gazette and in filling data on City Finance Portal in compliance with 13/14/15 FC



Swachh Maharashtra Mission

SLB-PAS data for support in policyguidance, programme strategy, monitoring and compliance



National Regulatory Compliance

CAG used PAS information to conduct performance audits in Maharashtra

MoHUA endorsed study by Safe Water Network, which utilized PAS for City Water Index.



Global Policy

Inputs in post-2015 deliberations on JMP-WASH and UN Wastewater Group



Unlocking

investments and project formulation

ADB and World Bank used PAS data for project identification.



Consultants used PAS data in assignments like City Development Plans Independent Research

PAS data regularly used by academicians and students of planning and technology colleges



Not just measurement ... PAS has led to WASH improvement programs and research at CWAS

Pr	e SBM and A	AMRUT	SBM and	AMRUT	SBM 2.0 and AMRUT 2.0			
WASH in Slum Slum Free Cities - Ahmedabad Munic Pro-poor Benchma UNESCO-IHE Slum Settlement S Gujarat and Maha	1S Study for cipal Corporation arking with Studies across rashtra	Open Defecation Free cities 15 cities in Maharashtra Faecal Sludge and Septage Management Wai, Sinnar	Support to the Swach Maharashtra Mission Scaling lessons in sanitation across all 400 cities under th Swachh Bharat Mission	h City Wide Inclusive Sanitation Demonstrating safe and inclusive services, innovation and accountability for sanitation across Maharashtra	Climate Mitigation Adaptation for W Making WASH servic cities climate response Partnership with the M Mission in Maharasht Climate resilient SWM	on and /ASH es in Maharashtra ive //ajhi Vasundhara ra // in Gujarat	Capa as Sv Know Partn Empar MoHUJ Govt o	city building vachhata vledge er heled by A, partner to f Gujarat for
2011-12		2013-14	2016	2018	2022-24		2024	
2010 Non-Revenue Water 10 cities in Gujarat	2013 24X7 Water supply 15 cities in Maharashtra	2014 Financial Sustainability of cities Municipal finance Assessments for 15 cities in Maharashtra	2017 Innovative Finance for Urban Sanitation Financing FSSM, Sanitation credit, Development impact	2021 Strengthening Finances of Municipal Governments Chapter in NFSSM Alliance publication on Municipal Strengthening	2021-22 ESG and Creditworthiness assessments for Indian cities	2022 Urban Water Security Community engage and demonstratio projects across Ka and rural Maharas	gement n achchh shtra	2023 Last mile connectivity for Water supply Study for MoHUA under AMRUT

Aligning with government programs and priorities

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Work with all three tiers of Governments to influence policies and implementation

National Urban Livelihoods Mission Ministry of Housing & Urban Poverty Alleviation

Not just core WASH services, flexible to evolving development agenda

Municipal Borrowing

Creditworthiness assessments for Indian cities – combining PAS with other data sources



Sustainability reporting

ESG assessments for Indian cities – combining PAS with other data sources



Climate monitoring

Climate Indicator Framework integrated with PAS - Focusing on adaptation and mitigation



Localizing SDG

Using PAS for monitoring SDG 6.2 at local level

		Siele prolite	Citypesila	Compare by	Stele Compare by Class	Compare by Cit
Population	Households			Sanitation I	.adder	
98.2 Million	218.7 Lakhs	100	letra Cities	Large Cities	Small and Medium Cit.	
100	5.2	100	72	41 60	46 63	Safety wanaged
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	antes	50		20	-	Linited (%)
	1000	30		33	30 32	Unimproved (%)
		0			p	
Naptor 6 OSM		2016	2019 2	016 201	9 2016 2019	
stimation methodology	for sanitation service levels usin	g PAS data		Service level	Definid	
dimation methodology Access Centain	for sanitation service levels usin ment Conveywee/empting west	g PAS data Treatment	Estimation of safely measured multiplice	Service level Safety Managed	Detwid Use at improved facilities which a fifts and where excerts are selecy prosported and treated off-cite.	on re nat shared with ath disposed in sits or
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CityWide Inclusive Sanitation

Monitoring performance of cities on CWIS across service outcomes and system functions



Water Governance Framework

Climate Indicator Framework integrated with PAS - Focusing on adaptation and mitigation





What sets PAS apart?

Inclusive and suited to local contexts – equity, onsite sanitation, local languages

Efforts for improving data reliability

Assessing safe and sustainable services across the full service chain

Government ownership and responsibility Focus on Financial sustainability of services

Scalable, consistent and sustainable

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PAS partnerships





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Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs **Government of India**





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About us

The Center for Water and Sanitation (CWAS) is a part of CEPT Research and Development Foundation (CRDF) at CEPT University. CWAS undertakes action-research, implementation support, capacity building and advocacy in the field of urban water and sanitation. Acting as a thought catalyst and facilitator, CWAS works closely with all levels of governments - national, state and local to support them in delivering water and sanitation services in an efficient, effective and equitable manner.



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